SAMUEL MEREDITH FIRST TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES



Docketed as sent from Washington, September 18, 1800, "enclosing a check for \$20,000," to Purveyor (of the Government) Israel Whelen.

Meredith was the first Treasurer of the U.S. under the federal government, serving from 11 Sept., 1789 - 31 Oct. 1801.

This cover was postmarked at Washington only a few months offer the seat of the federal government was transferred there from Philadelphia in June of 1800.

Meredith, of a wealthy Philadelphia family and fought in the Revolution, becoming a Brigadier General and a close friend of George Washington. His main forte was in finance, but he was cited for gallantry at the Battles of Brandywine and Germantown. He gave liberally to the Revolutionary and federal causes, donating \$10,000 in silver to the former and advancing some \$140,000 to the latter, which he was never repaid.

Meredith occupied but one other post in which he had the franking privilege — as a Delegate to the Continental Congress, 1787-88. He died at his home, "Belmont Manor," in Wayne County, Pa., in 1817.

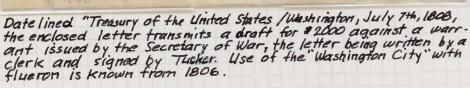




4 May 1802

THOMAS TUDOR TUCKER TREASURER OF THE U.S., 1801-1828







TUCKER WAS BORN IN PORT ROYAL, BERMUDA, 25 JUNE, 1745. HE STUDIED MEDICINE AT THE UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH, MOVING TO SOUTH CAROLINA BEFORE THE REVOLUTION, IN WHICH HE SERVED AS A SURGEOUN THE CONTINENTAL ARMY. HE DIED IN OFFICE, 2 MAY 1828.

TUCKER COULD HAVE
FRANKED AS A MEMBER
OF THE CONTINENTAL
CONGRESS IN 1787-1788,
AND AS A REPRESENTATIVE
TO THE FIRST TWO FEDERAL CONGRESSES, SERVING
4 MARCH, 1789-3 MARCH,
1793.

HE WAS APPOINTED TO BE TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES BY PRESIDENT THOMAS JEFF-ERSON AND SERVED AS SUCH FROM I DECEMBER, 1801 UNTIL HIS DEATH ON 2 MAY, 1828, FOR NEARLY 28 YEARS.



Postmarked at Washington 2, May, 1825 and addressed to the Navy Agent at Portsmouth, New Hompshire, the enclosed letter is a printed form datelined and filled out the same day. It transmits a draft for \$3000 against a warrant from the Secretary of the Treasury. The form, evidently filled out by the clerk who addressed the letter, is also signed by Tucker.

THOMAS TUDOR TUCKER

Henry Brown Edgle
Treasurer of This
Columbus



W-4-d

W-3

Thomas Tuder Tucker

1745 - 1828

Member Centinental Congress and of the First and Second Federal Congresses. Appointed Treasurer of the United States by President Jefferson and served for 27 years. JOHN CAMPBELL
TREASURER OF THE U.S., 1829-1839



"Brownout" Period ~ Initialed to be Charged ~ "W"B.R."

Chief Clerk, Office of the Treasurer of the United States

William B. Randolph, 1845-47

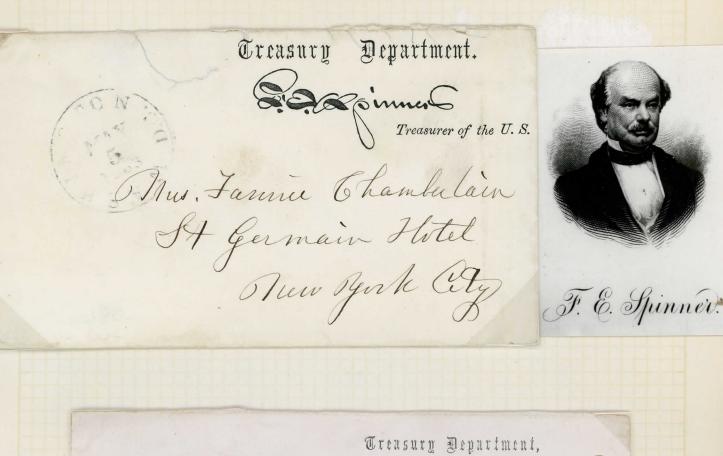


Docketed Sept. 7, 1846, as from U.S. Treasurer. W B. Selden. Charged at the Washington Postoffice as "PAID 5," covering the less-than-300 miles single letter rate (to Philadelphia) of 1845-51.



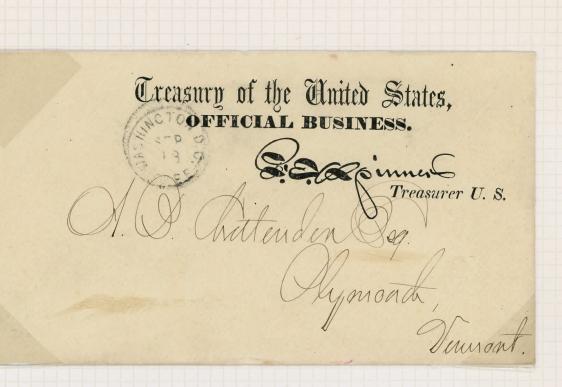
Enclosed letter, headed "Treasury of the U.S./June 8, 1846," routinely transmits a draft and is signed by "W. Selden, Treasir U. States." Charged by authority of WB. R. (andolph), Chief Clerk, the cover was pastmarked June 9 and marked "PAID" and "10" at the Washington City, D.C. pastoffice, paying the over-300 miles rate to Pittsburgh.

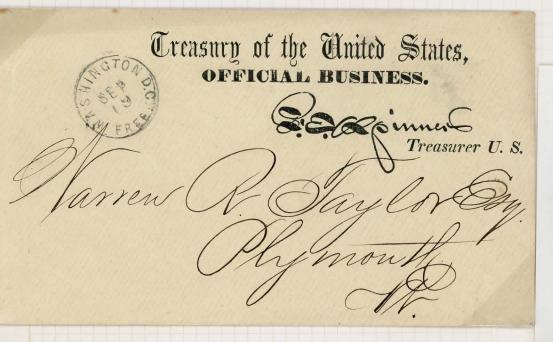
SAMUEL CASEY TREASURER OF US APRA, 1853 - DEC 22, 1859 Chea Caden) &. den nu. s. all FRANCIS E SPINNER Written Signature Sound Sheat affirm Orighin.













F. E. Spinner.

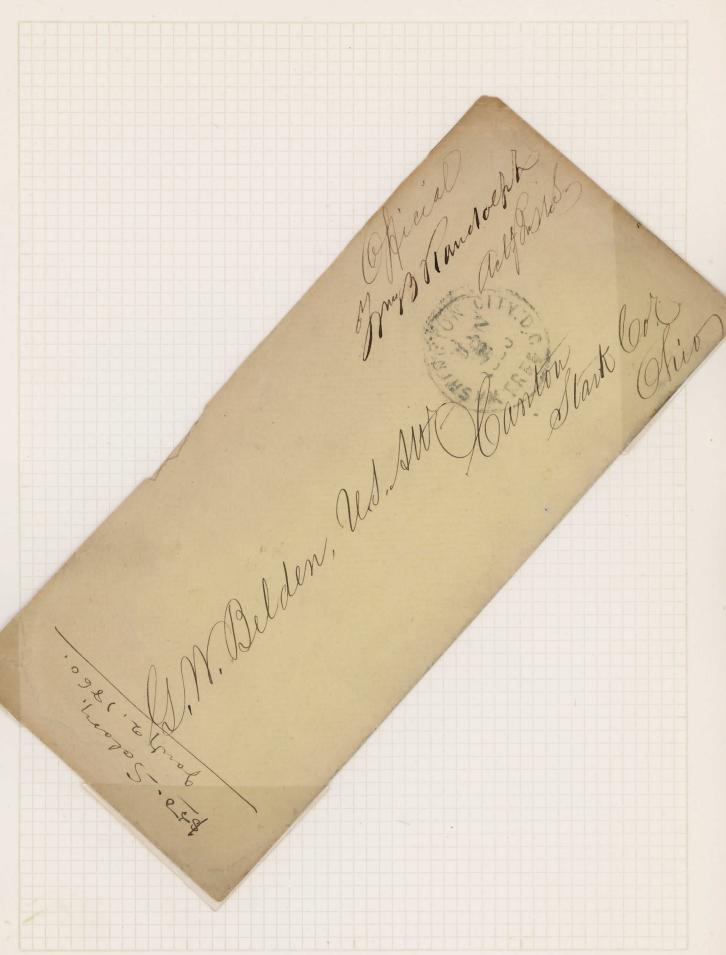
inream. Engraving & Printing

The state of the s F. E. Spinner. Michael Nourse , Acta Troas of US



JUNE, 1828

WILLIAM B. RANDOLPH January March Bolden att Charles Stante Co. ohio



GALLIA

EDWARD O. GRAVES Chief Clerk U.S. Treasury
1867-1813



Creasury of the United States OFFICIAL BUSINESS.

Freasurer U. S.

Males Dubbard lau Revelolentones Portland

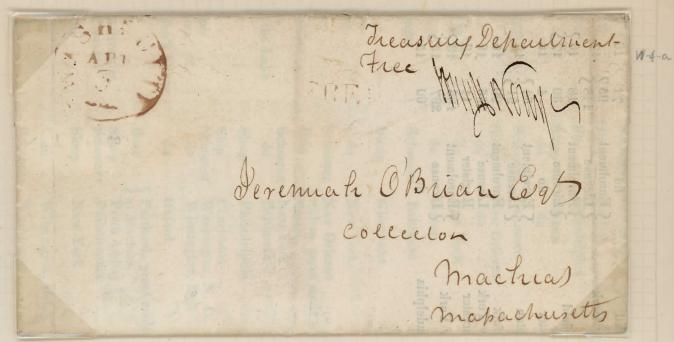
Probably sent in 1869, soon after Postmaster General Criswell had decreed printed franking signatures would no longer be recognized. The chief clerks of the various bureaus and offices were then given the task of signing the outgoing franked official mail. Signature reads "E.O. Graves CC" "CC" is for "Chief



Probably 1869.70. Correctly franked by Graves on a cover specifically imprinted for his signature, Probably, 200 to 1000 per day were needed.



Edward O. Graves June 1, 1885 - June 30, 1889 (dates refer to his tenure as head of Bureau of Engraving & Printing.



FRANK OF JOSEPH NOURSE, REGISTERS OF U.S. TREASURY, 1781-1829 (48 YRS!)

DATED 3/31/18, POSTMARKED WASHINGTON, APR 3. IS LIST OF LOST SHIP'S

PAPERS. TO MACHIAS (THEN) MASS. (NOW IN MAINE).



22 Sept. 1824

W-2-f

THOMAS L. SMITH





Thomas L. Smith Register of the Treasum Tree I mith Tiam Beach Esquire Gloucuter Hafsachus etts LETTER DATED JAN 31, 1034. Treasury Department 6. It Bridgham Esq LETTER DATED OCT. 20, 1837.

RANSOM H. GILLET REGISTER OF THE TREASURY 1845 - 1847

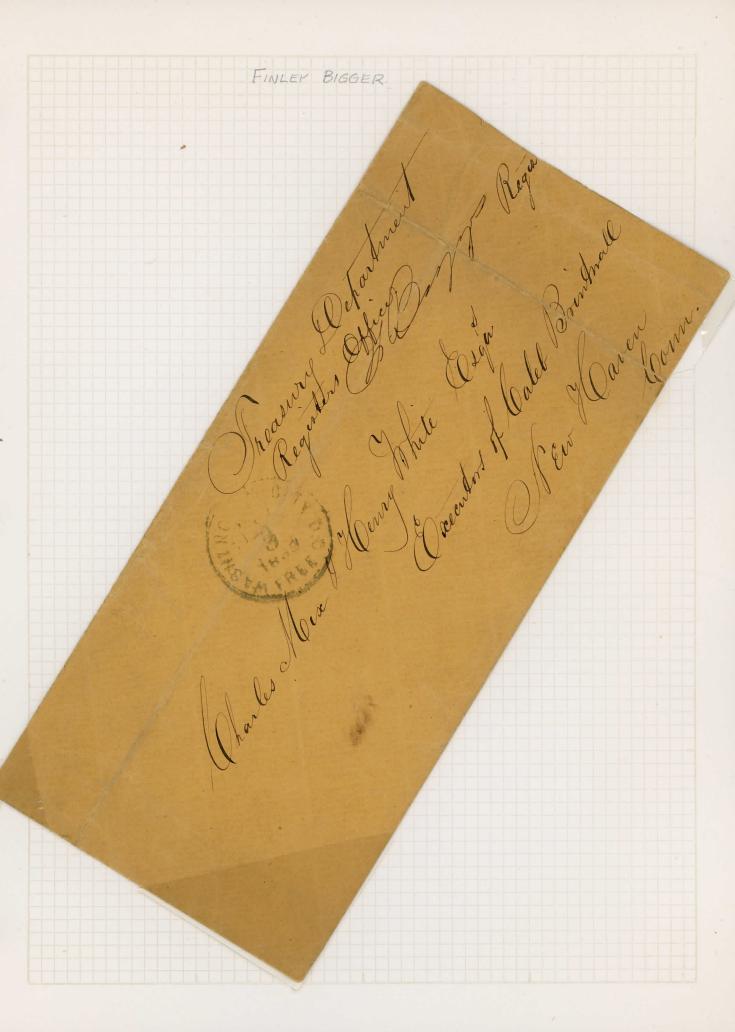


APRIL 30, 1845

Treasury Department,
OFFICIAL BUSINESS.

To the Collector of the Customs

1855



FRANKS OF CHIEF CLERKS OF OFFICE OF REGISTERS OF THE TREASURY, AS ACTING REGISTERS OF THE TREASURY MICHAEL NOURSE, 182? - 1851



Aug 12, 1833.

CHARLES T. JONES, 1853-9



VIRGIL MAXCY The Solicitor of the Treasury From 29 MAY, 1830-16 June 1837

(the office was established 29 May, 1830 - Maxcy was thus the first)

Tothe Houte The Manual Mashington Slimsylvania

didn't receive the "City of Washington." strike until two days later.

The letter content acknowledges a letter from the addressee which had been sent to the Secretary of the Treasury, but had been referred to the Solicitor's Office. The addressee of this cover, Thomas Mikean Thompson Mikennan, was then a Member of Congress from Pennsylvania and could thus have received this letter free under his own franking privilege.

Virgil Maxcy was born in Attleboro, Mass. in 1775 and graduated from Brown University (of which his older brother had once been President) at the age of nineteen.

Young Makey then studied law at Baltimore and was admitted to the Maryland bar. When the office of Solicitor of the Treasury was created on 29 May, 1830, Makey was appoint to the post the same day. He served until he was appointed to be the first U.S. Charge at Affairs to the new Kingdom of Belgium on 16 June 1837. He retired from that post on 17 June 1842 to private practice and was killed in the Princeton explosion (see right) of 28 February, 1844.







Oct 14,1851

CHARLES MASON Commissioner of Patents 16 May, 1853-4 Aug., 1857



Franked by Commissioner of Patents Charles Mason of Iowa, 14 May, 1854-12), for the Agricultural Desk of the U.S. Patent Office.

The "Agricultural Desk" had started with Thomas Jefferson's interest in new plant developments, when, as Secretary of State under George Washington, he included this field as part of the patent section of the Department of State. It moved with the Patent Office to the Department of the Interior when that department was created in 1849. Less than a decade after this cover was sent, the Agricultural Desk became an independent bureau under a commissioner, called the "Department of Agriculture." Full departmental status was attained in 1887, when the commissioner was raised to full cabinet rank as Secretary of Agriculture.

Charles Mason, born in New York in 1804, graduated from West Bint with high rank in 1829, resigned from the army in 1831 to read law and was admitted to the bar in 1833. He moved to Iowa in 1834, establishing himself at Burlington. He was Chief Justice of Iowa Territory, 1838-46 (and of the state, 1846-7) and held other important state posts. However, the office of Commissioner of Patents under Pierce is the only post with the franking privilege that he held. Other than serving as chairman of the Democratic national convention of 1864, he spent the rest of his life in practicing law, until his death in 1882.

SAMUEL T. SHUGERT The Red "A" probably stands for at this time the function that later became the Dept of agriculture was handled by a

Ratural Police. July 16th 1855 Morn letter of the 11th inst, addressed to the An. M. Waldo who is Commence afflusions is this day recence. / hyporthe receipt of a per of \$3 in Africie the search for assignments muder the fruterlosselver And bearles It. Bealy on Atr 14661.1851. and 27th June 1854 wite be made and the result Communicited. I lim Refrictfully Dani & Dickinson your off sent. Belviden N. G. S. T. Shingel acty Commit

CHARLES MASON Commissioner of Patents 16 May 1853 -4 Aug 1857 Advertised 1 ct Philadelphia backstamp illegible date

United States Patent Office,

Washington, Telego 27 1857.

Sir:

I have to acknowledge the receipt of the petition, specification, and drawings of your alleged improvement in Bonne Crowns with Car for thirty dollars

as the fee payable thereon.

The papers are duly filed, and your application for a patent will be taken up for examination in its order on receipt of the model.

Of the result due advice will be given.

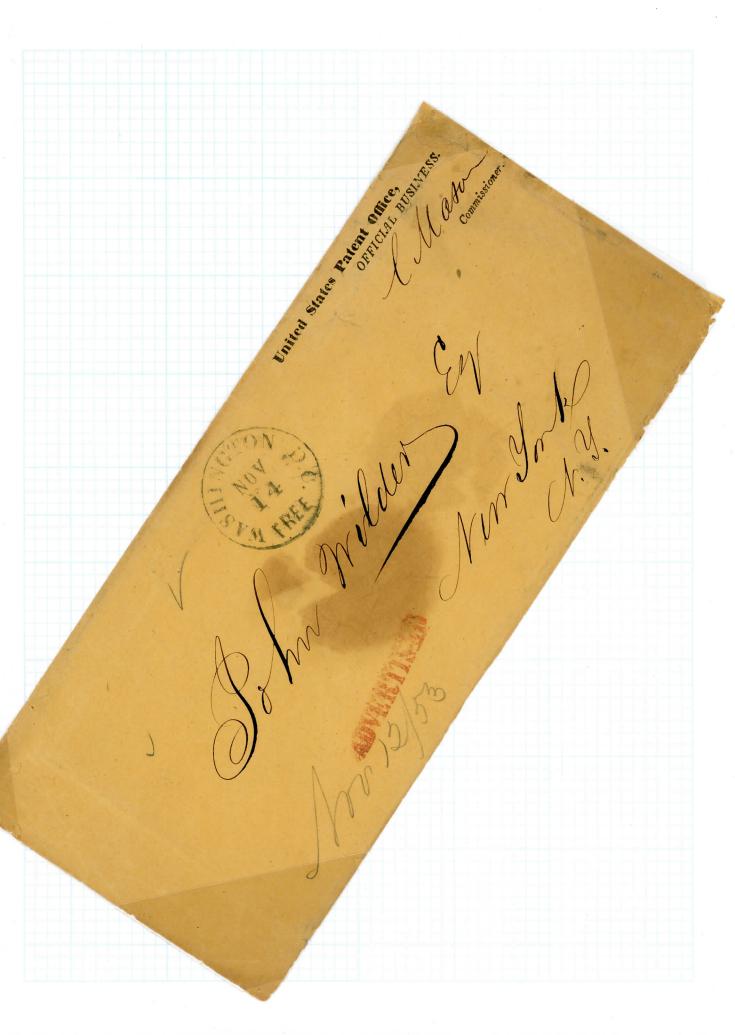
I am, sir, respectfully,

f. Weed Esql
Care Jas: Eccles
Plul "

Commissioner.

NOTE.—In order to constitute an application for a patent, the inventor is by law required to furnish his petition, specification, drawings, [where the nature of the case admits of drawings,] or specimens of ingredients, and of the composition, [where the invention is of a composition of matter,] a model in all cases which admit of a representation by model, and, if a citizen, to pay a fee of thirty dollars.

No application is considered as complete, nor can any official action be had thereon, until all its parts, as here specified, are furnished in due form by the inventor or applicant.



THOMAS EUBANKS

Joseph States Patent Office, OFFICIAL BYSINESS, Shi: Work Greelleney Seabury Ford Ghis



CHARLES MASON Commissioner of Patents 16 May, 1853 - 4 aug 1857 Orthod states proprietal fill and first

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE,

August 12, 1854.

Previous to the second examination of any case which has been once rejected, the seventh section of the act of 1836 requires the applicant to renew, in substance, the oath originally filed with his specification. After thus applying for a second examination, no withdrawal of any part of the fee paid is authorized.

The previous practice of the Office having on a recent occasion been seriously questioned, the law has been carefully considered, and there being no reasonable doubt of its having been heretofore departed from in this respect, the change above intimated seems unavoidable.

But the applicant, without renewing his oath, or forfeiting his right to withdrawal, may point out any mistake or oversight on the part of the Office, which will be cheerfully corrected.

To render this change as gradual and as little inconvenient as possible, this rule will not be held applicable to cases wherein the first rejection has already been made, provided any subsequent steps have been taken by the applicant preparatory to an application for a second examination.

CHARLES MASON,

Commissioner of Patents.

U. S. Patent Office,

D.P. H. Tleavey
Commissioner.

Milip C. Garrett &

Miladelphia

AGRICULTURAL

Jenna.



United States Patent Office,
Official Business,
Divilly Faurence
Chief Clerk.

Alex Yerr

